on **business** 因公,因事 businessman ['biznismən] n. 商人,实业家,企业家 **busy** ['bizi] a. ①忙的,繁忙的: the busy farming season 农忙季节 ② 忙于…的: She is busy with the housework. but [b_At] conj. ①但是,然而,可是: I'm sorry, but I won't be able to come tonight. ②而不,除 非: It never rains but it pours. 不雨则已, 一雨倾盆。(指事情不发生则已,一旦发 生便接踵而来) ad. 只不过,只有,仅仅: He left but an hour ago. prep. (用于 nobody, all, who 等词后面)除…之外: Nobody knew it but me. but for 除了…以外,如果没有,要不是 butcher ['but [ə] n. ①屠夫,屠户 ②肉商,肉贩 butter ['bAtə] n. 黄油,奶油 **butterfly** ['bAtəflai] n. 蝴蝶: a butterfly stroke 蝶泳 button ['b_Atn] n. ①扣子,纽扣 ②开关,按钮: Which but-

ton do I press to turn the radio off? *vt. /vi.* 扣紧,扣上纽扣: This jacket buttons at the side.

buy [bai]

vt. /vi. (bought [bo:t], bought)买,购 n. 购买,买卖: a good buy 一件合算的买卖 by [bai]

prep. ①(表示位置)在…旁,靠近: There is a pumping station by the river. ②在…身 边,在…手头: I've got a medical handbook by me. ③(表示时间)最迟到,在…以前, 在…期间: finish the task by the end of the month 在月底前完成这个任务 ④由,被: The wealth of society is created by the laboring people. ⑤(表示方法、手段)靠,通 过,以,用: The house was destroyed by fire. ⑥根据,按照: It is 4 o'clock by my watch. ad. ①在近旁: He stole the money when no one was by. ②经过: The parade has passed by.

by and by 不久,迟早 by the way 顺便提一句 bye [bai]

int. 再见

С

cab [kæb]

n. ①出租汽车,出租马车: Shall we walk or take a cab? ②司机室,驾驶室

cabbage ['kæbid3]

n. 甘蓝,洋白菜,卷心菜: The salad was made of cabbage.

cabin ['kæbin]

n. ①小(木)屋: We stayed in a cabin in

the woods when we went camping. ②船舱, 机舱,客舱: a passenger cabin 客舱 cabinet ['kæbinit]

n. ①橱,柜: a filing cabinet 文件柜 ②内 阁,全体阁员: a cabinet member 阁员, 部长

cable ['keibl]

n. ①钢缆,缆绳 ②电缆: lay a cable 铺设

电缆 ③(海底)电报: send a cable 拍发越
洋电报 vt. /vi. 拍电报: We cabled the
news to Shanghai.
cafe ['kæfei]
n.咖啡馆,小餐馆: There is a small cafe
near our school.
cafeteria [,kæfi'tiəriə]
n. 自助餐馆,自助食堂: We had lunch in
the school cafeteria.
cage [keid3]
n. 笼,鸟笼,槛: a bird in its cage 关在笼
里的鸟
cake [keik]
n. ①糕,蛋糕: a sponge cake 蛋糕 ②饼: a
potato cake 土豆饼
calculate ['kælkjuleit]
vt./vi.①计算,核算: It is calculated that
more than thirty thousand people have visi-
ted the exhibition. ②计划,打算: The new
assembly hall is calculated to hold about a
thousand people. ③估计,推测: Scientists
have calculated that the world's population
will double by the end of the century.
calculator ['kælkjuleitə]
n. 计算者,计算机: a pocket calculator 袖
珍计算机
calendar ['kælində]
n. ①日历,月历: a wall calendar 挂历
②历法: the lunar(solar) calendar 阴(阳)
历
call [kɔːl]
vt. /vi. ① 喊,叫,呼喊: Call me if I don't
wake up in time. ②打电话:Call me (up)
this afternoon. ③称…为,把…叫做: He is
called Lin hong. ④拜访,访问: He called
on you yesterday. n.①叫,喊,呼叫: Did
you hear a call in the woods? ②访问,拜

访: make a call on somebody 拜访某人

③通话,打电话: make sb. a call 打电话 给某人 call back 回电话 call for 邀请,邀约;要求,需要 call off 放弃,取消 call on/upon 访问,拜访;号召,呼吁 calm [karm] a. ①平静的,(指天气、海等)静的: a calm sea 风平浪静的海洋 ②镇静的、镇定 的: He spoke in a calm voice. vt. 使平静, 使镇静,使安静: The sea calmed down. 「辨析] calm, quiet, silent 都可表示 "平静的、寂静的"。 calm 指天空、海洋 等平静无风,无声响,指人安宁,不乱 方寸:quiet 表示相对的宁静,声音很 低,一片寂静;silent 表示沉默的,无声 的,指不发出声音或不说话。 calorie, calory ['kæləri] n. 卡(路里)(热量单位): One thin piece of bread has about 90calories. camel ['kæməl] n. 骆驼: A camel is called the ship of desert. camera ['kæmərə] n. 摄影机, 摄像机, 照相机: I forgot the camera when I went to the park.

camp [kæmp]

n. ①野营, 营地: a summer camp 夏令营 ②拘留营: a labor camp 劳改营 vi. ①扎 营: The herdsmen camped themselves on the grasslands. ②露营, 宿营: Where were you camp yesterday?

campaign [kæm'pein]

n. ①战役: the Huai-Hai Campaign 淮海战役 ②运动: a campaign to increase production and practice economy 增产节约运动 vi. 参加运动,参加竞选: campaign against a war of aggression 开展反侵略战争的 运动

campus ['kæmpəs]

n. (~es ['kæmpəsiz])(大学)校园: Private automobiles are not allowed on campus.

 can^1 [kæn]

aux. v. ①(表示能力)能,会: Can you drive a tractor? ②(表示可能性)可能: Difficulties can and must be overcome. ③(表示请求或允许,用 could 比用 can 委婉、客气)可以,能够: Can I borrow two books at a time?

[惯用法]表示将来时、完成时等语法 概念,必须由 be able to 等词组代替。

 can^2 [kæn]

n. ①(保藏食物的)罐头: a can of meat 一罐肉 ②(盛液体的)容器(如罐、壶、桶 等): a watering can 喷水壶

Canada ['kænədə]

n. 加拿大

Canadian [kə'neidjən]

a. ①加拿大的 ②加拿大人的 n. 加拿大人

canal [kə'næl]

n. ①运河,灌渠,沟渠: the Panama Canal Zone 巴拿马运河区 ②〈动、植物〉导 管,管

cancel ['kænsəl]

vt. (-ll-) ① 删 去, 勾 销, 注 销: cancel a word 把字划掉 ②取消,废除: The meeting has been cancelled

cancer ['kænsə]

n. 癌,毒瘤: cancer cells 癌细胞

candidate ['kændidit]

n. ①候选人,申请求职者,候补者: The reporter asked the candidate some tough

questions. ②投考者: Most candidates passed in grammar.

candle ['kændl]

n. 蜡烛: blow out the candle 吹灭蜡烛 candy ['kændi]

n. 糖果: a candy store 糖果店

cap [kæp]

n. ①便帽, 帽子, 军帽 ②(瓶)盖, (笔) 帽: the cap of a pen 笔帽

capable ['keipəbl]

a. ①(指人)有能力的,有本领的,能干的: a capable group leader 能干的小组长②(指事物)有可能的,能…的,可以…
的: Some airplanes are capable of going 1,000 miles an hour.

capable of 有 … 能力的; 能 … 的, 可 以…的

[辨析] able, capable 都有"能够"的意 思。able意思比较单一,表示"能够"、 "有能力"、"能干"等,多用于褒义、而 且修饰的对象多局限于人: capable 在 表示同样意思时,除了可以修饰人,还 可修饰动物和事物,并可用于贬义。

capacity [kə'pæsiti]

n. ①(a~)容量,容积: The assembly hall was filled to capacity. ②才能,能力: The cotton mill is running at full capacity.

capital ['kæpit1]

n. ①首都,首府: Beijing is the capital of China. ②大写字母: write in capitals 用大 写字母写 ③资本,资金: You need a lot of capital to start up a newspaper. a. 主要的, 首要的: a capital city 首都,首府

captain ['kæptin]

n. ①机长,船长: The captain announced that the plane would take off soon. ②(陆军)上尉,队长,领队: The mayor hired a

new police captain to help combat crime.

caption ['kæpʃən]

n. ①标题: under the caption of 在…的标题下,以…为标题②(图片的)说明文字,解说词,(电影)字幕: A short caption gave the names of the people in the picture.
capture ['kæptʃə]

vt. ①俘获, 捕获, 捉拿: capture many invaders 俘获许多入侵者 ②夺取, 攻占: capture a city 攻占城市 n. ①捕获, 俘虏: He was released six weeks after his capture by the terrorists. ②战利品, 虏获物

[辨析] capture, catch, arrest, seize 都 有"抓住"的意思。capture 是指经过查 找,用武力、技巧或手段经战斗而捕获; catch 是普通用语,指经过追捕、诱捕或 用惊吓的方法抓住逃走或躲藏的人或 东西;arrest 多指官方的"拘捕",指依法 拘留、逮捕犯法的人;seize 是指突然地、 用力地抓住,强调抓住的动作。

car [kax]

n. ①汽车, 轿车 ②电车 ③(铁路)火车 车厢

carbon ['ka:bən]

n. 〈化学〉碳: carbon dioxide 二氧化碳 card [kɑːd]

n. ①卡片,名片: a New - Year card 贺年 卡 ②纸牌: a pack of cards 一副纸牌 ③明信片: David sent us a card from the United States.

care [keə]

n. ①注意, 小心, 谨慎: Take care there's no mistake. ②看护, 照应, 照管: That will be your care. vi. ① 关心, 顾虑, 介意: He doesn't care about his clothes. ②喜欢: Would you care for a game of table tennis? ③愿意: I don't care to go there. care for 照顾,照料;(用于否定、疑问句) 喜欢

take care 当心,注意

take care of 爱护,照料;承担,处理,负担 career [kə'riə]

n. ①经历,生涯: He entered upon a diplomatic career. ②专业,职业: Bill trained for years for his career.

[辨析] career, job, occupation, profession 都用来指"工作,职业"等。career 指终身为之奋斗的事业或长期从事的 职业; job 多用于口语,可指一切技术 性或非技术性的工作,包括杂活等; occupation为中性词,包括各种"职业", 各种表格中"职业"栏就用此词; profession专指受过相当高的教育或特 殊训练的人才能从事的职业。

careful ['keəful]

a. ①小心的,仔细的: Be careful not to misuse this word. ②细致的,精心的: careful reading 细心阅读

[辨析] careful, cautious, wary 都有 "小心的"、"谨慎的"的意思。careful 指对工作、言行、饮食等非常谨慎、周 密,以免出错,尤指态度积极、在细节 上不出差错; cautious 指小心、谨慎地 从事,强调十分注意潜在的危险,绝不 冒险行事,含有"提防"之意; wary 指某 人随时随地怀疑和提防危险的存在, 因而时刻保持警觉。

carefully ['kɛəfuli]

ad. 小心地,仔细地

careless ['keəlis]

a. ①不小心的,粗心的,疏忽的: It was careless of you to forget to invite Bill to the party. ②漫不经心的,不介意的: be careless about one's speech 讲话随便

cargo ['kargəu] n. (~es/~s)(船、飞机等装载的)货,货 物: a cargo ship 货船 carpenter ['karpintə] n. 木匠, 工匠: I hired a carpenter to build my bookshelves. carpet ['kg:pit] n. ①地毯: lay a carpet 铺地毯 ②毯状物: a carpet of grass 一片绿茵 carriage ['kærid3] n. ①(四轮)马车: a carriage and pair 双 马车 ②(火车)客车车厢: The engine was pulling ten carriages. carrier ['kæriə] n. ①运输工具,运输公司: This airline is one of America's biggest international carriers. ②带菌者: Mosquitoes are carriers of malaria. ③置物架,载重架: strap a parcel to the carrier 把包裹绑在行李架上 carrot ['kærət] n. 胡萝卜 carry ['kæri] vt. /vi. ①提,挑,背: He was carrying a box on his shoulder. ②运送,运载: This ship could carry seventy passengers. ③输送,传 送,传播: That pipe carries water. ④携带, 怀着: How many kilogrammes of luggage can I carry with me? cart [kait] n. ①(二轮运货)马(牛)车 ②手推车 cartoon [kar'turn] n. ①漫画,幽默画: a newspaper cartoon 报刊漫画 ②动画片: Many children's movies are cartoons. carve [kaiv] vt. /vi. ①雕刻: This statue was carved out of marble. ② 切开,切(熟肉、鸡等):

Mother began to carve the chicken.

case [keis] n. ①情况, 状况: in good case 状况良好 ②事实,情况: That is often the case with him. ③病例: a burn case 烧伤病例 ④ 法 $\langle \rangle \rangle$ 案件: a civil case 民事案 ⑤箱(子), 盒(子): the case of a watch 表壳 cash [kæf] n. 现金,现款: I haven't any cash on mecan I pay by check? cassette [kar'set] n. ①盒子, 匣子 ②盒式录音带: He put his favourite cassette into the tape recorder. cast [kaist] vt. /vi. (~,~)①投,抛,掷: cast a net 撒 网 ②投射: His words cast a new light on the problem. ③铸造,浇铸: cast a stainless steel bust 铸一座不锈钢的胸像 castle ['kaysl] n. 城堡 casual ['kæʒjuəl] a. ①偶然的,碰巧的: a casual meeting 巧 遇 ②随便的,非正式的: clothes for casual wear 便服 ③临时的,不定期的: casual expenses 临时费用 cat [kæt] n. 猫 catalog(ue)['kætələg] n. 目录(册),(商品)价目表: a card catalog 卡片目录 vt. 将…编入目录,将(书 籍、资料等)编目: The librarian cataloged the new books. catch [kæt]] vt. /vi. ①捕捉,捕获,拦截: I was caught in the downpour. ②及时赶上(火车等): If you don't hurry, you won't catch your bus. ③发觉,当场破获: He was caught cheating in the exam. ④受感染,患病:

catch a cold 感冒 ⑤理解,听到: I didn't

catch the last two words. catch up with 追上,赶上 category ['kætigəri] n. ①种类,类,类别: Science can be grouped into two categories: social science and natural science. ②部属,范畴 Catholic ['kæθəlik] a. ①天主教的 ②普遍的, 广泛的: Her musical tastes were catholic and ranged from classics to jazz. n. 天主教徒 cattle ['kætl] n. ①(总称)牛: Our team has five head of cattle. ②牲口,家畜 cause [korz] n. ①原因: the root cause of war 战争的根 源②理由,缘故: There is no cause for anxiety. ③事业,奋斗目标,理想: Her life was devoted to the cause of justice. vt. 弓[起,促成,使发生: What caused the accident? [惯用法] 1. cause 后接 of 与接 for 的 意思完全不同。cause of sth. 指某事的 原因(根源)。 cause for sth. 指做某事 的理由.for后的宾语通常是表示行为 或感觉的词。2. cause 作实义动词用 时,宾语后不能接形容词作补语,但可 以接不定式。 [辨析] cause 和 reason 都有"原因"、 "理由"的意思。cause 指"原因",着重 指产生某种结果的、由环境、条件、事 件或外力等引起的原因: reason 指"理 由"、"缘故",着重说明某种行为的 动机。

caution ['kɔːʃən]

n. ①小心,谨慎: When operating a machine, we must use caution. ②警告,告 诫: The teacher gave the students a caution against talking to strangers. vt. 警告,告诫: I cautioned him against being late.

cautious ['ko:fas]

a. 小心的,谨慎的: The students are cautious not to make any mistakes in spelling. cave [keiv]

n. 穴,洞,窑洞: Drawings of wild animals were found inside the cave.

CD

abbr. (compact disc)光盘

ceiling ['sixliŋ]

n. ①天花板: The ceiling was leaking water. ②(价格、工资等)最高限度,最大限 额: The president ordered a ceiling on prices to hold down inflation.

celebrate ['selibreit]

vt. ①庆祝,祝贺: celebrate Christmas 庆祝 圣诞节 ②颂扬,赞美: People celebrated his brave deed. vi. 庆祝,过节: We celebrated with champagne.

[惯用法] celebrate 作"庆祝"解时,只 能用名词或代词作宾语,不能用名词 从句作宾语。

celebration [seli'breifan]

n. 庆典,庆祝活动

cell [sel]

n. ①细胞: red blood cells 血红细胞 ②电 池: dry cells 干电池 ③单人牢房,小房 间: The prison had hundreds of cells.

cent [sent]

n. ①(货币单位)分 ②分币

center, centre['sentə]

n. ①中心,中央: the centre of a circle 圆 心 ②中心地区: Beijing is the political, economic and cultural centre of China.

centigrade ['sentigreid]

a./n. ①百分度(的)②摄氏温度计(的):

Centigrade scale is used in most countries except the United States. centimeter, centimetre ['senti,mixtə] n. 厘米 central ['sentral] a. ①核心的,中央的: We live in central London. ②主要的, 起支配作用的: the central idea of an article 文章的主题思想 century ['sent [uri] n. ①世纪,百年: in the seventies of the twentieth century 在 20 世纪 70 年代 ②百个: a century of poems 一百首诗 ceremony ['serimoni] n. ①典礼,仪式: The wedding ceremony took place in a garden. ②礼节,礼仪: There's no need for ceremony between friends. certain ['səxtən] a.①(只作表语)确实的,肯定的,无疑 的: The evidence is certain. ②(只作定 语)某种,某些: on certain conditions 在某 种情况下 ③一定的,必然的,确信的: We are certain to be victorious. for certain 肯定地,确切地 [辨析] certain 和 sure 都有"肯定的"、 "有把握的"的意思。certain 表示有证 据来支持对某事的确信无疑; sure 则 强调心中没有疑虑,完全确信。 certainly ['səitənli] ad. ①确实,必定,无疑: Victory certainly belongs to the people! ②(口语答话)当 然,行,好: A: Are you going with us? B: Certainly! certainty ['saxtanti] n. 确实,必然,必然的事: It's an absolute certainty that she'll get the job. certificate [sə'tifikit]

n. 证(明)书,证件,执照: He has a certi-

ficate that he is a member of the committee. chain [tfein] n. ①链,链条,表链: a bicycle chain 自行 车链条 ②(常用复数)枷锁,镣铐:a chain on sb.'s mind 某人思想上的束缚 ③ 一连串,一系列,连锁: a chain of events 一连串的事件 vt. 用链拴住,束缚; chain a boat to a tree 用链条把船拴在树上 chair [tʃɛə] n. ①椅子 ②主席(位): The chair is calling for order. chairman ['tʃɛəmən] n. 主席,议长,会长,董事长: The chairman asked that the meeting begin. chalk [tfork] n. 粉笔: some coloured chalks 几支彩色 粉笔 challenge ['t fælindz] n. ①挑战(书),邀请比赛: a challenge tennis match 网球邀请赛 ②艰巨的任务: Bringing up a child is the toughest challenge most people will face. vt. 向…挑战: He challenged me to a race. [惯用法] challenge 作"向…挑战"解 时,宾语后可接不定式或介词短语,但 不能接动名词或从句。 challenging ['t fælindzin] a. 挑战性的,激发兴趣的 champion ['t fæmpjan] n. ①捍卫者, 拥护者: a champion of reform 主张改革 ②优胜者,冠军: table tennis world champions in men's and women's singles 男女乒乓球单打世界冠军

chance [tfains]

n. ①机会,机遇,运气: It's the chance of a lifetime. ②(常用复数)偶然性,可能性:

The chances are ten to one that we will win.

by chance 偶然,碰巧

[辨析] chance, occur, happen 均表示 "发生, 出现"。chance 表示"偶然发 生",指事情的发生、出现是由于偶然, 没有明显的理由; occur 与 happen 同 义,但指事情突然出现于脑海中,特别 指非计划中事件的发生; happen 一般 指事情按人的意志有计划地出现,也 指出乎意料地偶然出现。

change [tjeind3]

vt. /vi. ①转变,改变: change one's mind 改变主意 ②换,兑换: change one's clothes 换衣服 ③ 变,变化: The village has changed a great deal since we last visited it. n. ①变化,改变: After a long winter, a change of weather is welcome. ②零钱,找 头: I have on change about me.

[辨析] change, vary, alter, shift, convert, transform, modify 均可表示"改 变、变化"。change 可表示任何形式的 全部、完全的改变: vary 指事物在形 式、外表、本质上的不规则的或断续的 改变,如生长引起的变化等;alter 指局 部、表面的改变,强调特点不变; shift 指改变方向,变换处所等; convert 意为 "改变,转变",指事物从一种状态或情 况转变成另一种状态或情况,以加 强事物的功能或改变其用途,如把水 变成气等: transform 指深刻的变化.表 示人或物在性质或形态上发生彻底或 基本的变化: modify 指"变更",指"部 分地改变",通常指变更计划、方法、意 见、条款等。

channel ['t fænl]

n. ①频道: Remember to change channels

at 8 o'clock; I want to watch the film. ②渠道,途径: They solved the problem through diplomatic channels. ③ 沟 渠: There's a channel in the middle of the old street to help rainwater flow away. ④海峡, 水道,航道: The English Channel separates Britain from France.

chant [tfaint]

vt./vi. ①反复有节奏地喊叫(唱等): The crowd chanted slogans. ②咏唱: chant psalms 唱赞美诗 n. ①反复有节奏地喊 叫: The team's supporters sang a victory chant. ②赞美诗,圣歌

chaos ['keios]

n. ①混沌状态: The failure of the electricity supplies created complete chaos in the city. ②混乱,无秩序: After the earthquake, the city was in chaos.

chapter ['tfæpta]

n. (书籍)章,篇,回: the first chapter of a book 书的第一章

character ['kæriktə]

n. ①个性,性格: Hard work builds character. ②(事物的)特色,特性: the general character 共性 ③人物,角色: That actress plays my favorite character on the television show. ④文字,字母: The envelope was written in Chinese characters.

[辨析] character, personality 和 nature 都有"品质"、"性格"的意思。character 表示"品质"、"性格"时,往往指决 定人的思想和行为方式的道德品质, 与是非原则紧密相关; personality 指私 下和社交场合所体现的性情、举止等, 会影响到他人对自己的印象或看法; nature 指"本性",即天生的,无法改变 的品质或性格,有时也指脾气。

characteristic [,kæriktə'ristik]

a. 特有的,独特的,典型的: the characteristic flavor of bananas 香蕉所特有的味 道 n. 特性,特征,特色: Good planning is one of the characteristics of a successful business.

charge [tfard3]

n. ①指控,控告,指责: Lack of evidence forced the police to drop the charges against him. ②价钱,费用: These books are free of charge. ③负荷,电荷: a shell with a large powder charge 装药量大的炮弹 vt. / vi. ①控告,指控: charge sb. with negligence 指责某人疏忽 ②索价,收费: He charged me 1.5 dollars for mending the watch. ③装填,充电: The air is charged with vapour.

[辨析] charge, cost 和 price 都有"价 钱"的意思。charge 主要指"索价",尤 指服务性行业的收费;cost 指"成本", 进而表示为购买的东西或享受的服务 所付出的代价;price 指商品的价钱,尤 指卖主所定的价格。

chart [tfaxt]

n. ①图,图表: a statistical chart 统计图 ②航海图,水路图

chase [tfeis]

vt. 追赶,追捕,追逐,驱逐: The children chased a pig out of a wheat field. n. 追赶, 追击: After a long chase, we caught the thief.

chat [tfæt]

vi. /n. 闲谈,聊天: Dave chatted on telephone all evening. Our chat was about things we did long ago.

cheap [tjip]

a. ①便宜的, 廉价的: It's cheap at five

yuan. ②不值钱的,低劣的: Those cheap clothes look really terrible.

cheat [tfirt]

vt. /vi. 作弊,欺骗,骗取,行骗: He cheated to pass the exam. n. ①骗子: I saw you drop that card, you cheat! ②欺诈,欺骗行 为: Some cheats have been discovered.

[辨析] cheat 和 deceive 都有"欺骗"、 "欺诈"的意思。cheat 着重指为自己 的利益而使用不诚实的手段进行欺 骗,常用于骗取钱财,还指学生在考试 中作弊;deceive 着重指用歪曲真相制 造假象或者造成错误印象的办法来达 到欺骗的目的。

check [tʃek]

vt. ①核对,检查: Did you check your purse for the keys? ②制止,控制,阻止: We have checked the enemy's advance. n. ①检查,核对: Keep a check on his work. ②支票,账单: He wrote me a check. The food at the restaurant was great, but it took them forever to bring us the check. ③制 止,抑制: You must put a check on your spending.

check in (在旅馆、机场等)登记,报到 **check** out 结账离去,办妥手续离去

cheek [tjizk]

n. 面颊,脸: He kissed her on the cheek. cheer [tʃiə]

vt. /vi. ①(使)快活,(使)振奋,(使)高兴: The good news cheered up everybody who heard it. ②向…欢呼,向…喝彩: The crowd cheered their favorite rider. n. ①愉快,高兴: words of cheer 鼓励人的话 ②欢呼,喝彩: His victory in the 400m earned him the biggest cheer of the afternoon.

cheerful ['t∫iəful]

a. ①快乐的,高兴的: a cheerful look 高兴

的表情 ②使人感到愉快的: a sunny,	
cheerful room 阳光充足、令人舒适的房间	
cheese [tfiz]	
n. 干酪,乳酪: green cheese 新出产的	
奶酪	(
chef [ʃef]	
n. (餐馆等的)厨师长,厨师	(
chemical ['kemikəl]	
a. 化学的: a chemical reaction 化学反应	(
n.(常用复数)化学制品,化学药品:The	
students carefully mixed the chemicals	(
together.	
chemist ['kemist]	(
n. ①化学家 ②〈英语〉药剂师,药商: a	
chemist shop 药店	
chemistry ['kemistri]	
n. 化学: organic chemistry 有机化学	
cheque [tʃek]	
n. (= check) 〈商业〉 支票 : cash a cheque	
兑现支票	
chess [tfes]	(
n. 国际象棋:have a game of chess 下一	
盘象棋	,
chest [tʃest]	
n. ①柜子,橱: The chest was full of old	
clothes and photographs. ②胸部,胸膛: I	
have a pain in my chest.	
chew [tʃuː]	
<i>vt./vi.</i> 嚼,咀嚼,玩味: Chew your food	
well before you swallow it. He chewed over	
that problem all night long.	
chicken ['t∫ikin]	
n. ①雏鸡,小鸡:A male chicken is called	
a cock and a female chicken is called a	
hen. ②鸡肉	(
chief [tʃiːf]	
a. ①主要的,首要的: Chief among the	
country's exports are copper and coal.	

②为首的,总的: a chief delegate 首席代 表 n. ①首领,长官: a chief of state 国家 元首 ②头目,族长,酋长: the chief of a tribe 部落酋长 **chiefly** ['tʃiːfli] ad. 主要地,首要地 child [tfaild] n. (~ren ['tfildran]) ①婴儿 ②儿童,孩子 **childhood** ['t faildhud] n. 幼年,童年; I had a happy childhood. **chin** [tʃin] n. 颏,下巴: He wears a beard on his chin. **china** ['t ʃainə] n. 瓷器: a piece of china 一件瓷器 China ['t fainə] n. 中国: the Northwest of China 中国西 北部 Chinese ['tfai'niz] n.①(单复数同形)中国人 ②汉语,中文, 中国话 a. 中国的,中国人的,汉语的 chocolate ['tʃɔkəlit] n. 巧克力, 巧克力糖果 **choice** [t [ɔis] n. ①选择(机会),抉择: He made a careful choice. ②供选择的东西,选择项: This shop has a large choice of hats and shoes. [惯用法] 在两者(三者或三者以上) 中的选择,可以表述为: a choice between A and B/ a choice among three things/ a choice of one thing out of several。如果 choice 前面有定冠词,则可以 说 the choice of A or B。

choose [tfurz]

vt. /vi. (chose [tʃəuz], chosen ['tʃəuzn]) ①选择,挑选: Old zhang was chosen (as) our delegate. ②决定,情愿(后接动词不